

Social Studies

Chapter 2: Indians of North America

Name: _____

I. _____ Coast

-**diversity** - _____

-**cultural region** - _____

(If it's cold, they all wear similar clothing.)

A. The Great _____

1. The _____

a. great _____ center

b. _____ Range - Washington and Oregon

c. stretched from _____ to _____

d. lived between the _____ and the _____

2. great resources

e. rivers - _____ (salmon)

f. forests - game like deer and _____

g. _____ for building

3. _____ a lot

a. difficult because of _____

b. traveled by water - _____ River

c. **dugouts** - _____

B. The _____

1. best known _____

2. lived at the mouth of the _____ River

3. houses

a. built in long _____

b. wooden with no _____

c. built over a hole (like a basement?) - _____

4. **clan** - _____

a. lived in same _____

b. _____ was the head of the family

c. traced through the _____ line

5. controlled the _____ River

6. created a trading _____

7. **barter** - _____

a. dried _____

- b. shells
- c. _____
- d. _____ products
- e. _____ oil
- f. cedar
- g. _____
- h. masks
- i. jewelry
- j. _____
- k. copper
- l. _____!

8. liked _____
- a. fought other _____
 - b. took prisoners - _____
 - c. gained _____
 - d. **potlatches** - _____
-
- 1.) gave away _____ to show wealth
 - 2.) spent _____ preparing

C. The _____

- 1. hunted at _____
 - a. salmon, sea otters, and _____
 - b. built _____
 - c. prepared for months, fasting and _____
 - d. made _____ - long spears with shell points
 - e. repaired canoes and paddles - carried _____ people
 - 2. used all of the whale
 - a. store the _____
 - b. eat meat and _____
 - c. make ropes and _____
 - d. melt fat for _____ to burn
 - 3. **totem pole** - _____
-

II. Southwest

- _____ land of rocky _____, deep canyons, steep _____, and beautiful _____

- _____ days and _____ nights

-drought and _____

A. The _____

1. lived in _____

a. _____ houses

b. many rooms like an apartment building

c. built next to or on top of one another

d. used _____ to climb throughout the pueblos

e. inside only for sleep and shelter

2. Hopi - “_____”

3. located in _____

4. men grew _____

a. corn, beans, _____, and _____

b. **arid** - _____

c. used water from _____ under ground, rain showers, and rivers fed by melting snow in the _____

5. women made _____

a. ground _____ into _____ with stones

b. created a _____ to survive during _____

6. believe in many _____

a. **kachinas** - _____ that visit the world of living people once a _____ and enter the bodies of the kachina _____ (Hopi men wearing masks, etc.)

b. **ceremonies** - _____

B. The _____

1. Four Corners - _____, New Mexico, Utah, and _____ meet

2. nomads

a. traveled in _____ with no _____

b. brushwood, animal _____, and leaves for shelters

c. stopped to _____ and _____ food

3. attacked _____

a. stole _____, weaving looms, pottery,

- _____, farm tools
- b. until they learned their ways
4. **hogan** - _____ house built by covering a
_____ frame with mud or _____
- a. built in groups _____ apart from each other
5. believed in the _____ People
- a. some good, some bad
- b. **shaman** - _____
- c. made sand _____ that had healing
powers

III. Great Plains

- gently rolling _____ covered with tall _____
- _____ roamed the land in herds

A. The _____

1. forests along the _____, North Dakota
2. **lodges** - _____
 - a. built over a shallow _____
 - b. covered in **sod** - _____
 - c. called earth _____
 - d. home to _____ people plus dogs
 - e. _____ along outer wall, _____ in the middle
3. hunted _____ twice a year
 - a. wore animal skins as _____ (wolf)
 - b. scare them to a steep _____
 - c. fall over and _____!
 - d. women _____ and prepare the buffalo
4. used the entire buffalo
 - a. eat some meat and dry the rest into _____
 - b. made clothing, blankets, and _____ from skin
 - c. made water bags from the _____
 - d. twisted the _____ into _____
 - e. made _____, arrowheads, and other tools from the _____
 - f. used horns for _____
5. farmed
 - a. _____ job
 - b. like gardens
 - c. beans, corn, _____, and _____
6. traded _____ for other goods

B. The _____

1. _____ - hunted buffalo
2. no _____ or forests and tough ground
3. western Montana and then _____
4. relied on buffalo for homes, clothes, food, and _____ (chips)
5. **tepee** - _____
 - a. easy to _____
 - b. wooden _____ in a circle and tied at top
 - c. covered with buffalo _____

- d. hole at top for _____
 - e. beds and _____ made of skins also
6. no trees - no _____
- a. **travois** - _____
 - 1.) two poles (from tepee) fastened to a _____ or horse
 - 2.) carried _____ on a skin attached to the poles
7. everyone was born _____ - had to prove yourself
8. people were allowed to break off into a subgroup to live differently

IV. Eastern _____

-thick _____

-the people gave thanks to _____ for everything they received

-rugged snowy _____ to the north

-wet _____ to the south

-very crowded with a variety of people

A. The _____

1. northeastern part

2. very _____

3. many similar tribes put together

a. _____

b. Cayuga

c. Onondaga

d. Oneida

e. _____

4. fought

a. cleared much land for _____

b. hunters had to go farther away onto other's land

c. soon it was _____ that never ended

5. Iroquois League

a. **legends** - _____

(explained the past)

b. explained the end to the fighting

c. formed a **confederation** - _____

d. set up a **council** - _____

1.) decided important matters like _____ and

2.) men from the Five _____ formed the

_____ Council

6. **longhouse** - long wooden _____ where Iroquois

_____ lived together

B. The _____

1. southern _____ Mountains

2. food

a. grew _____, beans, squash, _____, sunflowers, and _____

b. gathered _____

c. fished

d. hunted squirrels, rabbits, _____, bears, and deer

3. _____ houses

- a. one for _____ - small, cone-shaped with wooden poles and covered with _____
 - b. one for _____ - larger, box-shaped with _____ or clay walls and _____ roofs
 - c. families lived together
 - d. _____ - _____ built together in villages
 - e. _____ in middle on a high, flat-topped mound where _____ held ceremonies
4. chiefs - _____
- a. _____ the village
 - b. met with chiefs from 100 other villages to discuss important matters like _____
 - c. built tall wooden _____ for protection
 - d. played a game like _____ called Little War

V. Middle America

- _____ and Central America

-home to the _____ (“mother civilization”)

A. The _____

1. Tikal - one of many advanced cities
 - a. made of _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____, towers, ball courts and _____
 - d. stone _____
 - e. _____,000 people
2. started in _____ B.C. (much earlier than the others)
3. 100 stone **city-states** built with own _____ and _____
4. **classes** - groups of people that are treated with _____
 - a. priests
 - b. **nobles** - _____
 - c. traders and _____
 - 1.) worked with wood, stone, leather, _____, and clay
 - d. farmers
 - 1.) whose _____ fed everyone
 - e. _____
5. **slavery** - _____
 - a. _____ were slave owners
 - b. slaves were _____
 - c. most had committed a _____ and this was their punishment
6. daily life for _____
 - a. hard
 - b. rise early - start a fire in the _____
 - c. no furniture - sleep on _____
 - d. eat _____ - thin corn pancakes
 - e. men head out to the field at _____
 - f. women care for children, _____ cloth and baskets
7. daily life for _____
 - a. busy _____
 - b. traded _____, cotton cloth, cocoa, _____, copper, _____, _____ dishes, pearls, salt, and _____

dried fish

c. carried by _____

8. believed in many _____ of nature

a. _____ led religious ceremonies

b. studied the _____ - made many calendars

c. came up with _____ days and the concept of _____

B. The _____

1. started as nomads, then settled in the Valley of _____

2. capital

a. _____

b. built on _____

c. now Mexico City

3. built a huge **empire** - _____ of many people and place governed by an **emperor** - _____

a. _____,000 square miles

b. _____ million people

c. learned from the _____ and others they conquered

5. built _____ for more farming

a. tied large _____ to bottom of the lake

b. filled them with _____ and planted corn, etc.

6. city square

a. _____ with hundreds of rooms

b. gardens

c. large _____

d. warehouses with **tribute** - _____

1.) cloth, _____, feathers, _____, and corn

7. army

a. could gather _____,000 men in _____ hours

b. wore special clothing

8. pyramids

a. _____ of the city

b. stone _____ on the flat tops to honor the gods

9. daily _____

a. the lake was crowded with _____

b. set up _____

c. _____,000 people came every day

d. also exchanged great _____!