Social Studies

Chapter 3: THE AGE OF EXPLORATION

Name: ______________________________

I. A Legendary Land
   A. Stories of an Unknown Land
      1. between _________________ and __________
      2. ________________settled in Iceland and Greenland
      3. they then traveled to the ________________________
      4. _________________ proves it’s true
   B. The __________________________________ Saga
      1. saga - ____________________ story that tells about the
         ______________ deed of people of long ago
      2. Leif ___________________ - set out sailing west to find this land
         in ___________ A.D.
      3. found a land of no ______________________, but had trees
         and knolls - _________________________________ (Canada)
      4. built houses of ________ and then wood and stone in Vinland
         where they __________________ and hunted
      5. had an unfriendly encounter - ________________________________
         _____________________________ and left
   C. ___________________________________ and Exploration
      1. exploration - ____________________________
      2. people didn’t __________________ much after the Vikings
         a. sea ___________________ and boiling ____________
         b. ________________ sails requiring ________________
         c. very few __________ (inaccurate - wrong)
         d. _________________ of kingdoms and villages were too busy
            fighting one another (no _______________ government)
   D. The _____________________ World
      1. Martin ________________ of Germany
         a. cartographer - ________________________________
b. made first globe in 1492
   c. it was a map in the shape of a _________ (“Earth apple”)

2. very inaccurate
   a. left out ___________ America
   b. left out South ________________
   c. left out ___________________
   d. left out ____________________
   e. _________________ was too small
   f. the whole _____________ was too small!

3. No Europeans knew about the rest of the world that was out there!
II. European Exploration

A. Marco Polo (______________, Italy in Europe)
   1. only ______ years old – 1271
   2. took ______________ years on horses and ___________ through
      mountains and _______________ to reach China - __________
   3. traded in __________ (Cathay); land of many
      ________________ and the Indies (islands off the coast of China)
   4. visited __________ and Persia and heard stories of __________
   5. returned to Venice _______ years later a rich man
   6. told many stories of his travels (some ________, some not)
   7. others went to Asia to do the same

B. ______________ Routes to the East
   1. Europeans traded with __________ a lot on the _____ Road
      a. gold
      b. jewels
      c. __________
      d. perfumes
      e. __________ most of all
         1.) __________, cloves, ______________, and nutmeg
         2.) hid the taste of __________ meat (no fridges!)
   2. then traded in the ____________ East
      a. Asia was too far and took too long
      b. went to Middle East (North _______________ and
         Southwest Asia) instead of Far East (___________)
      c. traded with others coming from Asia
      d. returned home and sold goods for lots of ____________
   3. ______________ ended the trade
      a. took control of Constantinople in the Middle East
      b. closed the trade ____________ for Europeans

C. Changes in Europe
   1. ______________ - ______________________________
      a. ruled instead of the ______________
      b. strong ________________
      c. formed countries like Portugal, ______________, France, and
         __________________
      d. had time and __________ to support exploration
   2. ______________ - __________________
      a. age of ________________, art, and ______________
      b. eager to learn and __________________
      c. eager to find a new route to ______________
d. new technology

1.) faster ______________ - new triangular sail

2.) better **compass** - ________________ used to find ______________ with the needle always pointing ______

3.) sextant, chronometer, and ______________ – tool that measures height of the sun to figure north and south distances

4.) gunpowder – gave them ______________

5.) better maps and ____________

D. _________________ Leads the Way

1. to find ______________ route to Asia

2. Prince _______________
   a. started a school for **navigation** - study of how to _______ and control the ______________ (SECRET)
   b. nicknamed “Prince Henry the ____________________”
   c. planned over _____ voyages but never _______________
   d. decided to sail south around ______________ and then east

3. _________________ in Africa
   a. _________
   b. fruit
   c. gold
   d. ____________
   1.) Africans and _________________ Americans had slaves for years
   2.) Portugal was buying ______/year

4. Bartholomeu _______________
   a. first to sail around tip of Africa’s _________________

   b. sailors met ___________ and got hungry, ______ and tired
   c. returned to _________________

5. Vasco _____ ____________
   a. sailed around Cape of Good Hope to ______________
   b. had made it around Africa to ________!
   c. returned with many _______________
III. “I, Columbus: My ________________”

A. Intro.
1. Christopher Columbus
   a. sailor from ____________
   b. read of ___________ ___________ and riches in Asia
2. Spain pays for the trip
   a. he kept asking _______________ and ________________ to fund a _________________ West to China
   b. they were too busy trying to make all of Spain _____________
   c. forced out the _______________ and ___________
   d. funded a voyage when he promised to spread Catholicism
3. heading out
   a. August 3, ____________
   b. ____ sailors
   c. three ships - ________, _______, and _________ ________
   d. ________ months in, he wrote in his journal:

B. Wednesday
1. _______ miles in one day
2. crew _____________________ and he cheered them on

C. Thursday
1. traveled west-southwest
2. Pinta spotted ____________ and manmade wood ______________
3. saw a ____________ to the west at ____:00 at night
4. 2:00 ____________ fired a cannon - had seen ____________!

D. Friday
1. saw ____________ people (__________) and went ashore
2. “____________________” the land for the Kind and Queen
3. called the land _______ ____________________
4. it was actually _________________________________
5. people spoke well and only had _______________ (stone)
6. planned to make them Catholics and take _____ back to Spain to learn the ______________________
7. traded with the “poor” people
   a. natives had ______________, parrots, ____________, spears
   b. traded for ________________ and ___________

E. Saturday
1. tried to find ____________ (they wore it in their noses)
2. island - large, flat, green, _______, ________________, good weather
3. headed out to find ________________
IV. Early Voyages of Exploration
A. ______________ Challenges Columbus
   1. Columbus thought he’s reached the Indies
      a. called the people __________
      b. died thinking he’d reached _______
   2. John ____________
      a. claimed he reached Asia, too
      b. actually landed in ________________
   3. Amerigo _________________________
      a. didn’t believe they’d reached Asia at all
      b. Portugal sent him ____________ along the coast of present
         day South America
      c. saw nothing like ____________  ________ had described
      d. ________________ (Egyptian astronomer) agreed that
         Asia couldn’t be that big
      e. figured he had sailed ____________ times farther west than
         Columbus thought
      f. formed a conclusion - ________________________________________
         1.) this was a new land, the “_______  _______ ______”
   4. Waldseemuller makes first map with America in 15__
B. ______________ Reaches the Pacific (1513)
   1. Isthmus of ______________________
      a. connects ___________ and ____________ America
      b. Spanish and _________________ soldiers with Native
         American guides guide him
   2. Vasco Nunez _________________
      a. climbed the mountain and saw the ______________ Ocean
         (means “peaceful”)
      b. claimed it for ______________
      c. this proved that _______________ was wrong (wasn’t Asia)
C. ______________________ Crew Sails Around the World
   1. ________________ Magellan
      a. set off in 15__
b. _____ sailors
c. paid for by __________

2. **expedition** - ___________________________________
   a. trying to reach __________
   b. sailed to ____________ America
   c. went up many _____________ and back down
   d. lost a ship and many ________

3. ____________ of Magellan
   a. reached the ______________ and headed west

4. little food that was left ______________
   a. ate ______________ biscuits
   b. drank yellow, ______________ water
   c. also ate _____, sawdust, and ______________

5. many _______
   a. hunger
   b. ______________ - sickness caused by not getting enough vitamin ___
   c. _______ followed to eat the dead thrown overboard

6. reached the _________________________ Islands (1521)
   a. stayed for __________
   b. Magellan died in a ____________
   c. only _____ sailors sailed around Africa to return to Spain

7. ________________ sailed around the world (but had to go around the ____________________ first!)