

Name _____

A complete sentence must have a subject and a predicate.
A sentence fragment is missing a subject, a predicate, or both.

Sentence Fragment Pete Seeger a folk singer.

Complete Sentence Pete Seeger is a folk singer.

Sentence Fragment Plays his songs.

Complete Sentence Pete Seeger plays his songs.

Sentence Fragment On an instrument called the banjo.

Complete Sentence Pete Seeger plays his songs on an instrument called the banjo.

Write *Sentence* or *Fragment* after each group of words.

1. Pete Seeger's banjo has five strings. _____

2. Has written some famous songs. _____

3. He sang with a group called the Almanac Singers. _____

4. And another group called the Weavers. _____

5. Pete Seeger has helped to clean up the environment, too. _____

6. He and other dedicated people. _____

7. Took a boat on the Hudson River to draw attention to pollution. _____

8. Sang folk songs as they sailed. _____

Choose two fragments from the above exercise and turn them into complete sentences.

9. _____

10. _____

Name _____

Every sentence has two parts, a subject and a predicate.

- The subject tells who or what the sentence is about.
- The predicate tells what the subject is or does.

Subject	Predicate
Everyone in our school	rode the bus to Rainbow Park.
Even the teachers	were excited about the school picnic.

Divide each sentence into its two parts and write them on the lines.

1. Rainbow Park is a popular place for school picnics.

Subject: _____

Predicate: _____

2. The park has roller coasters and other rides.

Subject: _____

Predicate: _____

3. Dennis and Jimmy took Ms. White on the merry-go-round.

Subject: _____

Predicate: _____

4. Some kids from my class rowed a boat on the lake.

Subject: _____

Predicate: _____

5. I won a stuffed bear at the game tent.

Subject: _____

Predicate: _____

Name _____

A complete sentence has two parts, a subject and a predicate.

- The complete subject includes the main noun or pronoun and all the words related to it.
- The complete predicate contains the verb and all the words related to it.

Complete Subject	Complete Predicate
My world studies class	is planning an international dinner.
Our teacher	will make an exotic dish.

Underline the complete subject and circle the complete predicate.

1. Mr. Crosby made chicken curry with rice.
2. Curry is a mixture of spices popular in India.
3. My friend Rachel is bringing a Hungarian dish with noodles.
4. My mother helped me to make fried okra.
5. Fried okra is a popular vegetable dish in the southern United States.

Complete each sentence with its missing part.

6. _____ is my favorite food.
7. Raw oysters on the half-shell _____.
8. My family _____.
9. _____ will eat anything.
10. I _____.

Name _____

In an imperative sentence, *you* is always the subject, even though it is not stated. We understand that the subject is *you*, so we say that the subject is “you, understood.”

(You) Joan, bring a clean towel to the gym.

(You) Wear athletic shoes on the gym floor.

(You) Please follow my instructions.

Write the subject of each sentence.

1. Change into your gym clothes in the locker room. _____

2. The floor may be wet. _____

3. Be careful. _____

4. Take your place on the mat. _____

5. We will try yoga poses today. _____

6. Stretch slowly. _____

Write an imperative sentence for each setting.

7. (a school hallway) _____

8. (a dance class) _____

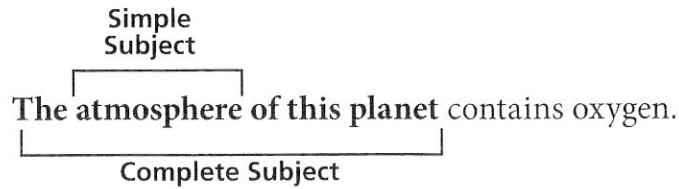
9. (a doctor's office) _____

10. (a restaurant) _____

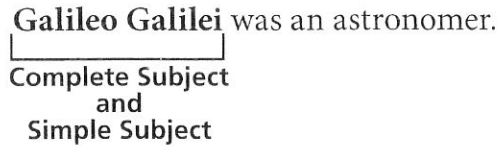
Name _____

The complete subject of a sentence contains all the words that tell about the subject.

- The simple subject is the main noun or pronoun in the complete subject.



- Sometimes the simple subject and the complete subject are the same.



Underline the complete subject and write the simple subject.

- Astronomers study objects outside the Earth's atmosphere. _____
- Powerful telescopes are important for their work. _____
- Too much light in the sky can be a problem. _____
- The stars can be difficult to see in a bright night sky. _____
- The four satellites of Jupiter were discovered by Galileo. _____
- He discovered the satellites in the 17th century. _____
- European scientists sent a probe to Saturn in the 21st century. _____
- The probe landed on Titan, a moon of Saturn. _____
- The atmosphere of Titan contains a gas called methane. _____
- Astronomers will continue to study Titan. _____

Name _____

The simple subject is the main noun or pronoun in the complete subject.

- Sometimes the simple subject and the complete subject are the same.

He stepped onto the old red scooter.

Simple Subject

It belonged to my grandmother.

Simple Subject

- To find the simple subject of an interrogative sentence, rearrange the words of the sentence to make it a declarative sentence. Ask *who* or *what* does the action.

Interrogative Sentence May I ride the scooter?

Declarative Sentence I may ride the scooter.

Simple Subject I

Circle the simple subject in each sentence.

1. Some interesting old toys are stored in the garage.
2. This scooter is big and heavy.
3. Timmy placed one foot on my grandmother's scooter.
4. The wheels of the rusty old toy squeaked loudly.
5. Will your grandmother show us how to ride?
6. My best friend found an oil can for the wheels.
7. Do I see a pogo stick?
8. The dark corners of this garage hold some great treasures.

Write one interrogative and one declarative sentence. Circle the simple subjects.

9. _____

10. _____